



Building capacity for excellence in service provision for people with disabilities

# Study Visit to Don Gnocchi Foundation 17-18 November 2016, Milan, Italy

for EPR members involved in medical rehabilitation

## Experiences with rehabilitation robotics

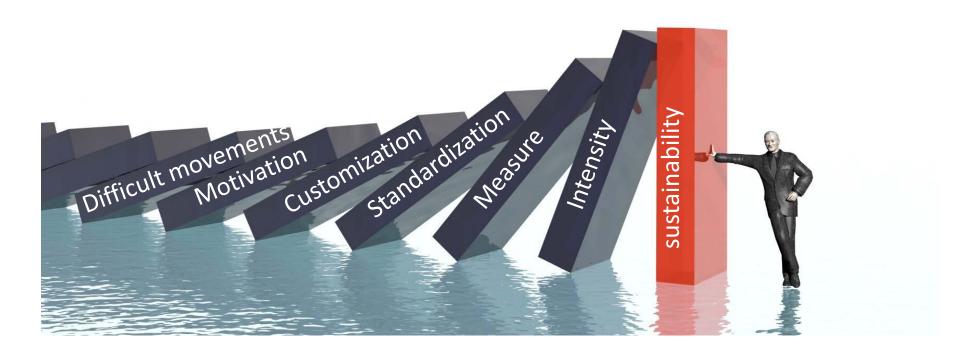
### **Irene Aprile**

Neurologist, FDG Centre S.Maria della Provvidenza (Roma)



# Rehabilitation using robotic devices

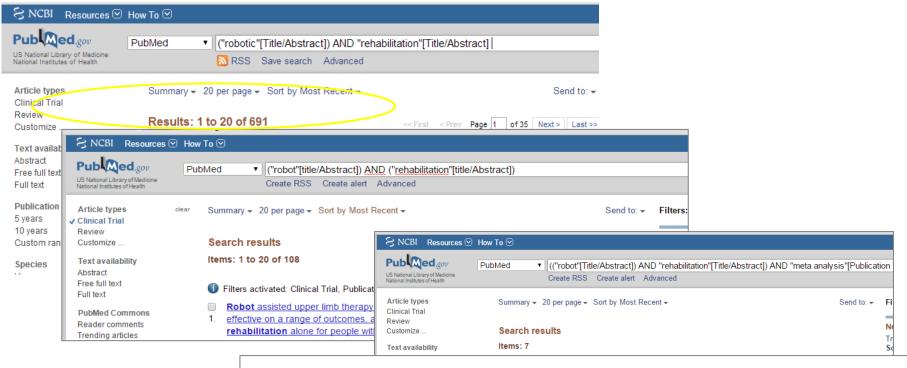
Why?



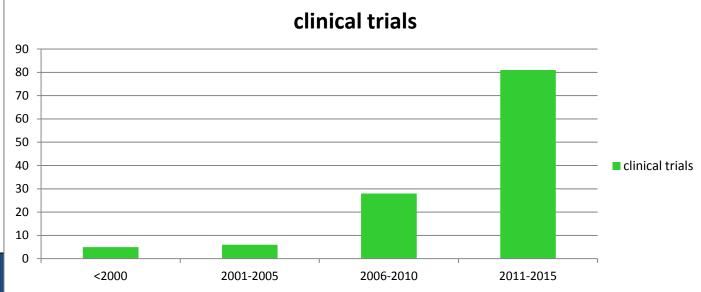
Efficacy

**Cost-effective** 





There has been growing interest on this topic but the scientific evidence is low





Volume 49, Number 4, 2012
Pages 479-496

Effects of robot-assisted therapy on stroke rehabilitation in upper limbs. Systematic review and meta-analysis of the literature

Nahid Norouzi-Gheidari, MSc, OT; \* Philippe S. Archambault, PhD; Joyce Fung, PhD School of Physical and Occupational Therapy, McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada; Feil/Oberfeld/CRIR Research Centre, Jewish Rehabilitation Hospital, Laval, Quebec, Canada

### **2012** - 262 patients

Subgroup/Study	RT		CT		Weight	SMD IV, Random,	SMD IV, Random,		
	Mean ± SD	Total	Mean ± SD	Total	(%)	95% CI	95% CI		
dditional RT									
isen et al. [27]	$14.1 \pm 9.7$	10	10.1 ± 11.63	10	12.8	0.36 (-0.53 to 1.24)			
et al. [34]	$1.11 \pm 5.05$	25	$-1.06 \pm 5.2$	27	33.2	0.42 (-0.13 to 0.97)	+-		
asiero et al. [33]	$12.8 \pm 5.5$	15	$7.5 \pm 9.5$	15	18.4	0.66 (-0.07 to 1.40)	<del></del>		
olpe et al. [37]	$5.0 \pm 2.5$	30	4 ± 2	26	35.5	0.43 (-0.10 to 0.96)			
ubtotal (95% CI)	_	80	_	78	100.0	0.46 (0.14 to 0.78)	-		
same Duration/Inter	nsity Therapy <sup>†</sup>								
Housman et al. [29]	$3.3 \pm 2.4$	14	$2.2 \pm 2.6$	14	15.1	0.43 (-0.32 to 1.18)			
Lo et al. [34]	$3.87 \pm 2.78$	47	$4.01 \pm 7.19$	46	39.7	-0.03 (-0.43 to 0.38)			
Lum et al. [32]	$3.3 \pm 2.5$	13	1.6 ± 1.1	14	13.7	0.86 (0.06 to 1.65)			
Lum et al. [31]	$4.3 \pm 4.2$	9	$2.5 \pm 1.5$	6	8.2	0.50 (-0.56 to 1.55)			
Rabadi et al. [35]	$2.53 \pm 4.25$	10	$3.55 \pm 4.62$	10	11.4	-0.22(-1.10 to 0.66)			
Volpe et al. [36]	$2.94 \pm 6.63$	11	$3.67 \pm 5.38$	10	11.9	-0.12 (-0.97 to 0.74)			
Subtotal (95% CI)	_	104	_	100	100.0	0.17 (-0.14 to 0.48)			
Heterogeneity: τ <sup>2</sup> =	$0.00: v^2 = 0.38.c$	f = 3 (p = 3)	= 0.94): /2 = 0%	. Test fo	r overall et	fect: Z = 2.85 (p =	-1 -0.5 0 0.5 1		
1	, A, .		,,				Favors CT Favors R		

eneity:  $r^2 = 0.02$ ;  $\chi^2 = 5.74$ , df = 5 (p = 0.33);  $f^2 = 13\%$ . Test for overall effect: Z = 1.09 (p = 1.09)

When the duration/intensity of conventional therapy is matched with that of the robot-assisted therapy, no difference exists between the two groups in terms of motor recovery, activities of daily living, strength or motor control.

When the RT is added to CT, a greater effectiveness can be observed, when compared with regular CT alone

s in Fugl-Meyer (F-M) score between robot-assisted therapy (RT) and conventional therapy (CT). Two meta-analned based on relative duration/intensity of RT and CT. In these meta-analyses, standardized mean difference of score in Aisen et al., 1997 [27], Housman et al., 2009 [29], and Lo et al., 2010 [34] and SMD of F-M Proximal

people with stroke. Rather, robots deliver highly repetitive therapeutic tasks with minimal supervision of a therapist and these additional sessions of RT improve motor recovery of the hemiparetic shoulder and elbow of patients with stroke. Developing new function-based RT protocols, building robotic devices for rehabilitation of prehension and with more degrees of freedom, and conducting new RCTs that consider the factors discussed in this review are recommended for future studies.



Electromechanical and robot-assisted arm training for improving generic activities of daily living, arm function, and arm muscle strength after stroke (Review)

Mehrholz J, Hädrich A, Platz T, Kugler J, Pohl M

2012

19 trial (666 partecipanti)



Robotic therapy was more effective in improving upper extremity function and ADL, but not muscular strength.

But the studies reviewed were heterogeneous, then the results should be interpreted with caution.

This is a reprint of a Cochrane review, prepared and maintained by The Cochrane Collaboration and published in The Cochrane Library 2012. Issue 6

http://www.thecochranelibrary.com



Electromechanical and robot-assisted arm training for improving activities of daily living, arm function, and arm muscle strength after stroke (Review)

Mehrholz J, Pohl M, Platz T, Kugler J, Elsner B



This is a reprint of a Cochrane review, prepared and maintained by The Cochrane Collaboration and published in *The Cochrane Library* 2015, Issue 11

http://www.thecochranelibrary.com

Robotic therapy VERSUS conventional therapy, placebo or no treatment.

#### 2015

34 RCTs: 1160 patients

RT was more effective than other therapies in improving activities of daily living, motor function and muscle strength of the upper limb.

RT was well accepted by patients, there was no marked increase in the number of drop-outs and serious adverse events were rare and unrelated to the robotic treatment

Still the studies reviewed are heterogeneous, then the results should be interpreted with caution.



#### Phase 1

June 2015

Aim: choosing the best robotic devices for the rehabilitation

### Composition of the group:

- Head of Health Technology
   Assesment
- Medical Director
- 3 Physiatrists, 2 Neurologists
- 3 Physical Therapists
- 4 Bioengineers
- ...Coming from 5 centers of the FDG





#### ROBOTIC SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FORM

RODOTIC 31	ISIE	M CHARACTERIST	ICS FURM					
General information								
Compiler	Name Profe	Maximum Level of impairment	Scenario	Demonstration	☐ Yes (When: 8/5/15; Where: Milan)☐ No☐ To be scheduled (When			
Date	23/06	Contraindications	Special needs for installation		)			
System Name		Stage of development		Company contact person	□ Name: □ Phone □ Email			
		Portability	Autonomy	Is the enterprise open to	□ Yes			
Manufacturer		Movement	Autonomy	future collaboration?	□ No			
Company Website		Assisted Joint Movement (example: shoulder ab- adduction, elbow flex-	Group Therapy	Technical documentation attached	□ Yes □ No			
а	extension, knee flex- extension etc.)		Compiler evaluation					
Compiler Confidence level System characteristic		Type of Assistance <sup>1</sup> (multiple choices are possible)	Number of clinicians involved in the treatment	Purchase priority	<ul> <li>□ Low – Not purchase</li> <li>□ Medium – Suggested purchase</li> <li>□ High – Purchase with Priority</li> </ul>			
Type of system		Is it possible to customize user interface/exercises?	Preparation time (or time to wear the robot)	Purchase priority choice	Sistema portatile, può essere portato a letto del malato, prevede un appoggio del gomito sul tavolo che evita la caduta della spalla,			
Multiple versions or models (i.e.: with different HW)		Main Control Inputs	The rapy administration	explanation	può aiutare con attività <u>assistiva</u> e permette di eseguire un movimento "pulito e corretto da sistema", deve essere dotato di un tavolino ad altezza regolabile.			
Segment		Main control inputs	Literature	Notes	Esiste una versione molto simile su internet della che si chiama			
		Are Outcome Measures provided?		I				
Pathologies indicated to treatment	000	Normative values for the outcome variables	Free test period					
	_ 	Accessibility for the patient with his/her own wheelchair during therapy?	Maintenance Costs [if available]					
		Safetyissues	Cost (detailing cost for multiple versions)					

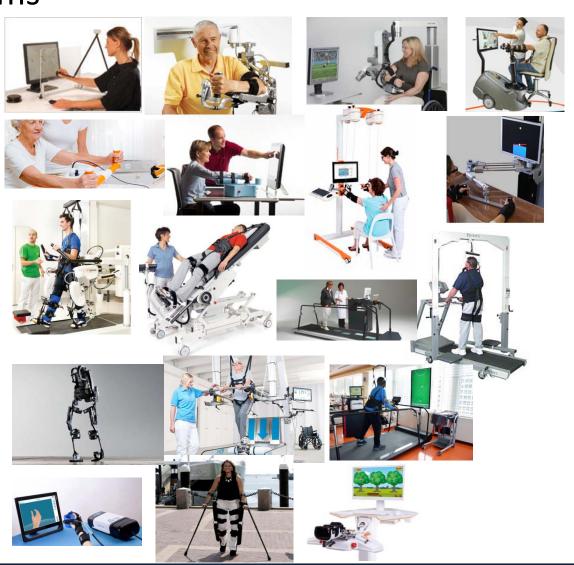


### Evaluation of 18 systems

- 8 upper limb/hand
- 8 lower limb
- 2 hand

...exoskeletons , endeffectors ...but also

- •Treadmill with virtual reality
- Systems for verticalization





Set of technological/robotic systems for a global treatment of the upper limb

July 2015











- Pilot study (bicentric study, involving two centers in Rome)
- Aim: to compare the conventional therapeutic approach (ratio of one therapist to one patient) with a robotic approach (ratio of one therapist to every three or four patients)
- 30 patients enrolled (October 2015 February 2016)

#### **Inclusion Criteria**

- Age > 18 years.
- unilateral emiparetic stroke
- Time latency since stroke less than six months

#### **Exclusion criteria**

- Visual deficits
- fixed contraction deformity

Less restrictive criteria



**Evaluation** 

Outcome measures





### PRIMARY OUTCOME

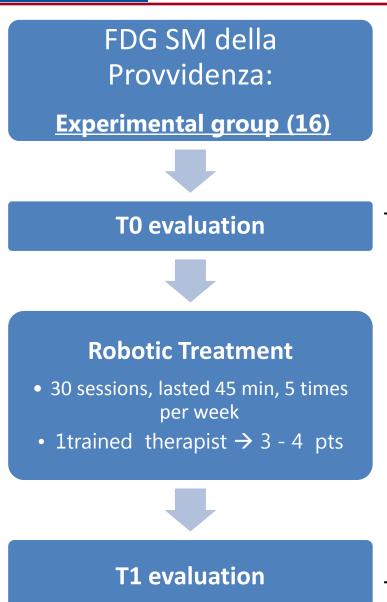
•FUGL-MEYER

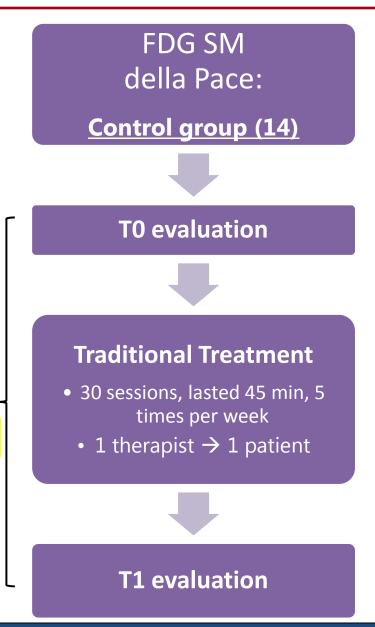
### **SECONDARY OUTCOME**

- ARAT
- Motricity Index
  - •MRCS
- Modified Ashworth Scale
  - Barthel Index
    - Hand grip



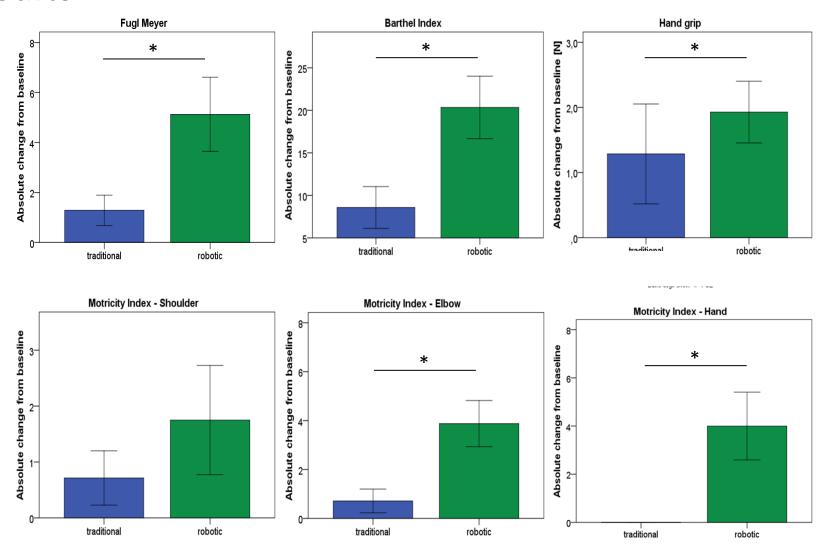
Comparison







## Results





# The robotic rehabilitation plan in FDG

- During 2016, 6 centres of FDG were equipped with the set of devices tested in Rome
- Currently, 7 centres are equipped with robotic devices for upper limb rehabilitation
- They are located in Roma, Milano, Firenze, Fivizzano, La Spezia, S. Angelo dei Lombardi e Rovato

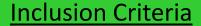




### **Protocol**

### **SAMPLE**

344 patients
(both inpatients,
outpatients and day
hospital)



- unilateral hemiparetic stroke
- age between 40 and 80 years
- sufficient cognitive and language abilities (SDC >2)
- Time latency since stroke ranging from two weeks to six months

#### **Exclusion Criteria**

- fixed contraction deformity;
- severe deficits in visual acuity;
- •upper extremity Fugl-Meyer score >58.



### **Evaluation**

Outcome measures





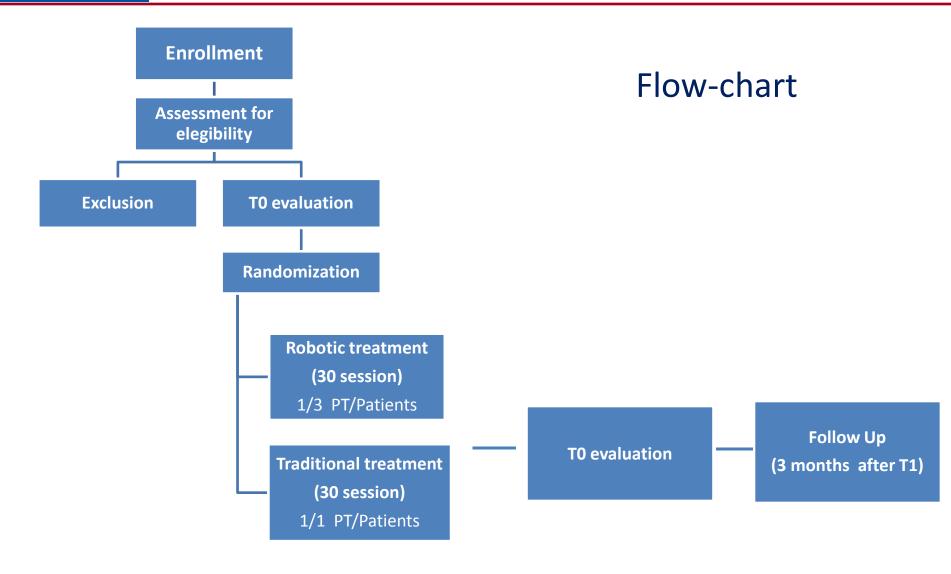
#### PRIMARY OUTCOME

•FUGL-MEYER
(Single Evaluator blinded to the treatment assignment)

### SECONDARY OUTCOME

- ARAT
- Motricity Index
  - •MRCS
- Frenchay Arm Test
- Modified Ashworth Scale
  - •ROM
- Modified Barthel Index
  - Verbal Fluency test
- •<u>Human figure testNRS</u>
  - •DN4
  - •SF36







### Sample

Recruiting center	<b>Enrolled patients</b>	Drop out	Treated patients	
Milano	14	4	10	
Firenze	14	3	11	
Rovato	13	2	11	
Fivizzano	7	3	4	
Provvidenza	13	1	12	
Pace	6	1	5	
Massa	11	1	10	
La Spezia	3	1	2	
Tricarico	5	0	5	
S. Angelo dei Lombardi	5	0	5	
Acerenza	5	0	5	

Enrolled patients (total): 96

Updated to Nov 15, 2016



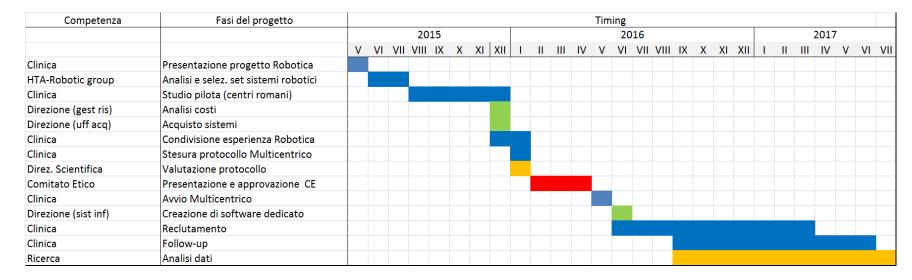
# Don Carlo Gnocchi Onlus Foundation Centers involved in the study

- Roma (RM <u>SM</u> della Provvidenza)
- Milano (MI)
- Rovato (BS),
- La Spezia (SP)
- Firenze (FI)
- Massa (MS)
- Fivizzano (MS)
- Roma (RM SM della Pace)
- S. Angelo dei Lombardi (AV)
- Tricarico (MT)
- Acerenza (PZ)





### Gantt





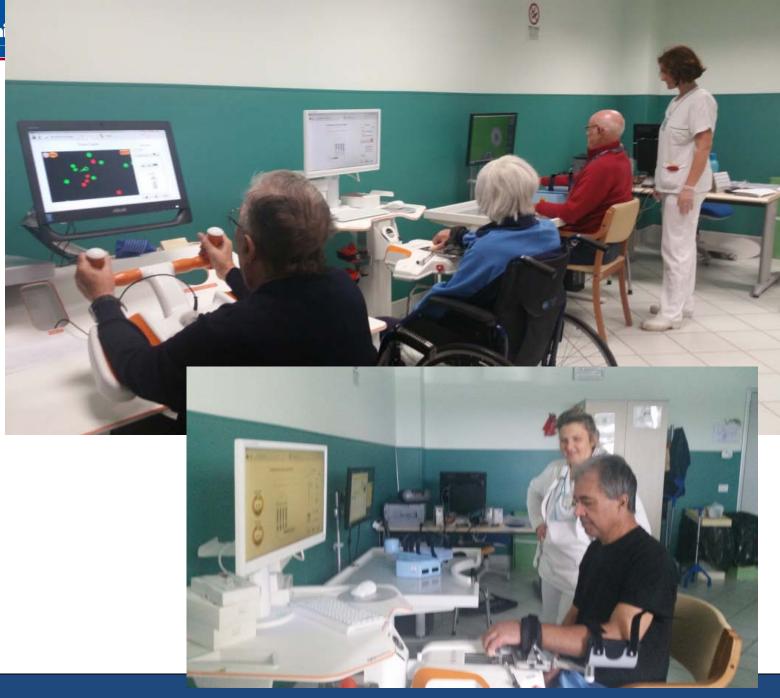


Clinia IT dala		Example: "Heart attack" AND "Los Angeles"				
ClinicalTrials.gov A service of the U.S. National Institutes of Health	Search for studies:					Search
A service of the 0.5, National Institutes of Health		Advanced Search	Help	Studies by Topic	Glossary	1
Now Available: Final Rule for FDAAA	801 and NIH Policy on Cli	nical Trial Report	ing			
Find Studies About Clinical Studies Submit Studies Resources	s About This Site					
Home > Find Studies > Search Results > Study Record Detail					Text	Size ▼
Trial record 1 of 1 for: Multi-segmental Robotic  Previous Study   F	c and Technological Upper Li Return to List   Next Study	mb Rehabilitation in	Stroke			
Multi-segmental Robotic and Technological Upper Limb Rehabi	ilitation in Stroke					
This study is currently recruiting participants. (see Contacts and Locations)	ClinicalTrials.gov Identif	ier:				
Verified August 2016 by Fondazione Don Carlo Gnocchi Onlus	NCT02879279  First received: August 11, 2016  Last updated: August 22, 2016  Last verified: August 2016					
Sponsor: Fondazione Don Carlo Gnocchi Onlus						
Information provided by (Responsible Party): Irene Giovanna Aprile, Fondazione Don Carlo Gnocchi Onlus	History of Changes	History of Changes				













Future project: to test robot mediate treatment for walking in a wide sample (RTC)



### **Staff**

Roma Santa Maria della Provvidenza (RM): Irene Aprile, Marco Germanotta, Arianna Cruciani, Cristiano Pecchioli, Simona Loreti, Stefania Lattanzi, Laura Cortellini, Dyonisia Papadopulous, Giuliana Liberti, Francesca Panzera, Piera Mitrione, Dario Ruzzi, Giuliana Rinaldi, Donatella Caccia, Simona Adduci, Enrica Di Sipio, Chiara Iacovelli, Chiara Simbolotti, Isabella Imbimbo, Luca Padua

Roma Santa Maria della Pace (RM): Fabio De Santis, Anna Rita Pellegrino, Pietro Spinelli, Serena Marsan, Ilaria Bastoni

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**Fivizzano (MS):** Francesca Cecchi, Lucia Avila, Manuele Barilli, Assunta Gabrielli, Giorgia Giannarelli, Elisabetta Lerda, Miriam Vasoli, Andrea Bertolini.

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Tricarico (MT): Nicola Lioi, Federico Marrazzo, Stefano Larocca, Roberta Calia, Sara Benevento.

Acerenza (PZ): Vito Remollino, Emanuele Langone, Marcello Magliulo, Giuseppe Araneo